

Care

Dust and moisture will degrade the performance of a microphone over time so always store the unit in its case. It is strongly advised to use a mesh pop-filter to avoid moisture from damaging the capsule.

NEVER clean the microphone with any household cleaner or any liquid cleaner.

Warranty

Marshall microphones are guaranteed against defects in material and workmanship for one year from date of purchase. Should you encounter any problem with this unit, promptly contact the company you purchased it from for assistance. The original dated sales receipt will be necessary for any warranty claim. Do not send any unit directly to us without prior authorization from our service department! Warranty coverage is limited to repair or replacement (at our option) of the microphone, and does not cover incidental damages due to use of this unit, nor damage caused by accidental misuse of this product.



DRK Users Manual

Configuring Your New MXL Microphone

Congratulations on your purchase of your MXL Recording Kit. MXL microphones are the result of world-class engineering and manufacturing capabilities. They are designed to provide you with outstanding performance and exceptional value. To help you get started, please take a few moments to review the following instructions for setting up your new microphone.

Unpack Your Microphone

Begin by removing the contents of your MXL Recording Kit.

You should have the following components:

- Self-Powered Microphone
- Desktop Stand
- Microphone Clip (this holds the microphone)
- XLR cable (this is the cable with 3-prong connections on each end)
- XLR to Mini-Plug Adapter Cable (this cable enables you to patch into your computer)
- 3.5mm Mini-Plug to ¼-inch adapter
- 9-Volt battery



Preparing the Microphone Stand and Clip

1. Open the desktop microphone stand so the tripod is fully open and standing upright.
2. Take the microphone clip and screw it onto the microphone stand's threaded mount.

Setting Up Your Microphone

1. Holding the microphone securely in one hand, unscrew and remove the knurled ring at the base of the microphone.
2. Now unscrew and remove the sloped ring around the base of the microphone's body. The microphone's tubular body will now be loose.
3. Prior to removing the microphone's main body housing, take a few moments to visually orient yourself to the position of the battery switch relative to the On/Off markings on the microphone's body. Now carefully remove the main body housing.
4. On the opposite side of the microphone from the On/Off switch, you'll see the housing that holds the 9-volt battery. The battery can only be inserted one way - so don't worry!
5. Place the battery (terminals first) into the battery housing and slide it down and into position. The battery will "snap" into place when fully inserted. If the battery doesn't seem to fit, flip it over and re-insert it into the housing.
6. Carefully replace the microphone's main body housing - aligning the On/Off markings with the microphone's battery switch.
7. Next, re-install the sloped ring onto the base of the microphone. The microphone's body parts will now be secure and the On/Off switch should move freely between the two positions.

Placing the Microphone on the Desktop Stand

1. On the microphone clip, you'll find an adjustment for angling the position of the microphone. Adjust the clip so that the "cup" of the microphone clip is facing upward.
2. Holding the microphone securely in one hand, place the microphone into the "cup" portion of the microphone clip and then tighten the knurled ring back onto the base of the microphone. Your microphone is now supported by the microphone stand.



Attaching the XLR Cable

Your XLR cable has different connectors on each end. One end has three small prongs (male), while the other has three small holes (female).

1. Begin by attaching the female end of the XLR cable to the base of the microphone by aligning the notches (one notch each for the microphone and the cable). The cable will fit snugly into place. To remove the cable, press and hold the release switch on the cable's connector.
2. If you are connecting your microphone into the XLR connector of a microphone preamplifier or the input channel of a mixer, the other end of the XLR cable will patch directly into the external device and you will be ready to begin.



Using Your Microphone with a Computer

Most computers use what is known as a 3.5mm mini jack for audio input and output. To connect your microphone to a computer, you'll need to use the supplied XLR - 3.5mm Mini-Plug adapter cable.

With your XLR cable already attached to the microphone, connect the male end of the XLR cable to the female (XLR) end of the adapter cable. The other end of the cable will have a 3.5mm connector. You are now ready to connect to the computer's audio input.



Using Your Microphone with ¼ -inch Input - Equipped Devices

Many self-contained personal recording systems use ¼-inch inputs. Others have both ¼-inch and XLR inputs. If the external device has XLR connectors, you can patch the microphone directly into the external unit by using the supplied XLR cable. If the external device uses ¼-inch inputs, you'll need to use the supplied XLR to Mini-Plug Adapter Cable with the 3.5mm to ¼-inch Adapter.

1. Connect your microphone and XLR cable to the XLR to Mini-Plug Adapter Cable as previously described.
2. Plug the 3.5mm mini jack into the supplied 3.5mm to ¼-inch adapter. You are now ready to use your microphone with ¼-inch input-equipped devices.



Using Your Self-Powered Microphone with Phantom Power

Your self-powered MXL microphone can be used with phantom power without fear of damaging either the microphone or the phantom power source. If the microphone senses phantom power, it will automatically bypass the internal battery and operate using phantom power.

Please turn the microphone to the off position when not in use and remove the battery when storing or not using the microphone for long periods of time.